Morning Oregonian.

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GENERAL NEWS.

[SPECIAL TO THE OREGONIAN.]

Bonds and Stocks.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 26.—Silver bars 122½; Mexican dollars, 119; silver coin ½ discount; exchange, closed at ½, money, 2@3; sterling, 60 days, 9½, and steady; stocks active and steady. Quicksilver, 15; Pacific Mail, 35½; Wells Fargo, 83½; Western Union, 93½; Erie, 6; Panama, 120; Hannibal & St. Joe, 15; C. P. bonds, 106.

Stock Market.

NEW YORK, March 26.—There was a lively speculation in railroad and Panama stocks in the early part of the day, and transactions were large. Lake Shore sold down to 84½, but rallied, and the latter dropped to 120 at 15 days. The cause of the decline is the old story of water rates and the feeling between the Union Pacific parties is reported very bitter.

Dignitaries.

Archbishop Lyncis and Constantine, and Bishop Wadhams attended divine service at the Russian church, *Scotland*. Later in the day they attended divine service in the Russo-Greek church, Forty-second avenue; afterwards they visited Broadway and Fifth avenue; in the evening they returned on the steamer *Scotland*.

Mail Matters.

NEW YORK, March 26.—The *Graphic* says, that the board of directors of the Pacific Mail Steamship Co. charges of Vice President Miller, with the condition of the company, and that the company is in debt $1,500,000, while the president and secretary acknowledges an indebtedness of $2,000,000. It is understood that the legal proceedings to institute a thorough investigation of the company's affairs, with a history of the corporation, will be commenced by Simeon Draper as the cause of the stockholders.

Ring Suits.

NEW YORK, March 26.—The *Evening Post* says that Wheeler H. Peckham, who was active in the ring prosecutions, and as he knew, not a dollar had been traced to him, had no instructions to receive money, had no interest in the Ring, and had no connection with Tweed, Woodward or Connolly, and was not charged with evidence of any kind. It is said this was the case, not a dollar having been traced to Peckham, and he is likely to know it if any one understood, had always been excluded from the profits of the Ring, and had no fresh declarations in addition to the alleged manufactured handwriting of the meeting of which never took place except as paper had been in evidence of every ring suit, and the ring had always been that way held. There was no foundation for the report of negotiations in the case against Sweeney and that he had been made or suggested on behalf to counsel for Tweed.

Fire Destroyed.

CINCINNATI, March 26.—The suicide and with the absent by their doctors. The story is untrue; that of his departure, mystery in the

Weather Report.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—General Grant and family arrived this noon and are guests at

Still Heard From.

CHEYENNE, March 26.—A dispatch from Red Cloud agency says Spotted Tail has been and that he was going on to commission of peace to the hostiles. He delayed by ice, bad weather and the condition of his horses.

Fires.

PHILADELPHIA, March 26.—Thatcher & Sons' Larby was burned yesterday. Insurance, $25,000.

Lecture Season.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—W. Maxwell and his son, Allen, lately of Stuart, Iowa, county, New Mexico, were last by a negro, who has at Trinidad, Colorado, the cause of Maxwell to have money with him. The Sunday shot through the

Trouble with a Method.

NEW YORK, March 26.—B. T. Taylor, defaulter to the Franklin Bank, escaped asylum last night by forcing off one of the upper windows. He had aid from inside.

Factory Burning a Village.

PITTSBURG, March 26.—The village was burned Saturday night by burglars, after plundering some stores, set the village was nearly

Fire.

NEW YORK, March 26.—Yesterday afternoon a fit of jealousy, bound his wife in which she was sleeping, and the house by the free applica-

Appointment in New England.

BOSTON, March 26.—The *Sun's* Boston says the excitement in Essex county over the oil lands is very great. Several companies are opened, and one at Ames-bury is vigorously worked. A Merrimac company already sunk 250 feet, and levels with a total length of 1,000 feet, with indications of an immense flow of oil below and beyond. The stock is estimated at 40,000 tons, and a quantity of gray copper has been found. Several veins of quartz were reported, which are found to assay high in gold and silver, apparently in large amount and growing richer as they go down. These veins are supposed to intersect each other below the surface, and make a bed of ore richer than any yet found. The working force numbers 200, and 500 tons of first class ore are mined monthly, worth $140 per ton. Other companies in that region have also struck oil in anticipation.

The Hayden Expedition.

The editorial on Hayden's exploration of the geography of a part of the country is first at least to be tolerably correct, and it cannot be without such information there is, besides, a ways a to any probability, of valuable to the whereabouts of mecals and

Failure of a Bank.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 26.—Advices from Brazil, by the *Citrayan* from San Francisco, put into Pernambuco Feb. 20th, report the loss of the bark *Deux Eulalie*, which was run down and collided, and the latter

Ice Break Up.

ALBANY, N. Y., March 26.—The ice barrier broke up to-day and the Hudson is open to

Among the Money Changers.

NEW YORK, March 26.—Ex-President Grant was the guest of the Chamber of Commerce this afternoon and was enthusiastically received. He made a speech which was heartily ap-

Reception of ex-President Grant.

NEW YORK, March 26.—The following is the speech made on the floor of the Chamber of Commerce here to day:

"The reception was entirely unexpected, but I assure you I am very grateful, and feel thankful to you for your kindness. I have no doubt but that a better fellow now than I am, but I don't suppose I will have opponents now since we are all sovereigns together, as I hope we will continue to be for a great many years; yet I feel that I have considerable life, health and strength left, notwithstanding the past sixteen years of labor and toil I have undergone, which, perhaps, is not surpassed by any other 15 years of my life. With a slight move of his hand, he dismissed the subject and his hearers, and descended from the platform. A very large number of citizens irrespective of party, passed forward to enjoy a shake of the General's cordial hand. He will visit his old home in Brown county a few days, and then return to this city on Thursday to become the guest of the Cincinnati club. After that he will go to St. Louis.

Attempted Stage Robbery and Murder.

DEADWOOD, D. T., March 26.—A bold attempt to rob the Cheyenne and Black Hills stage, bound north, was made near here yesterday evening. As the coach was coming down White Wood canyon, and about two and a half miles from Deadwood, five masked men walked along the road before the stage suddenly wheeled, ordered the driver to stop, and instantly commenced firing on the coach. At the first fire Johnny Slaughter, the driver, was killed, and Walter Iler of Deadwood slightly wounded in the hand and arm. The horses started suddenly, throwing the driver, Iler and another passenger off the coach. The stage was not stopped till it arrived in town, leaving the driver on the road dead. About twenty shots were fired at the coach, but all the passengers except Iler were unhurt. A party went out and found the body of the driver with a charge of buckshot in his breast. The robbers got no booty. The sheriff and party are in pursuit of the road agents. The sheriff offers $500 reward for them dead or alive.

Chicago Politics.

CHICAGO, March 26.—The Republican city convention to-day nominated Monroe Heath on the first ballot for re-election as mayor.

Dead of Cholera.

PORTLAND, Me., March 26.—Capt. Henry C. Small, his mates and all the crew of the bark *Edmund P. Hinney*, died by cholera at Akyab.

Getting Even.

BOSTON, March 26.—Advices from Congo, west coast of Africa, state that the British war steamer *Avon* has destroyed seven villages on the Congo river and killed three natives, as a punishment for plundering the American schooner *Thomas Nickerson*, of New York. This vessel had been captured by the natives and about 30 tons of coffee were carried off. She was fired by the *Avon* to prevent further plundering.

Stranded Vessels.

NEW YORK, March 26.—The steamship *Amerique* moved seaward in the gale last night, a heavy sea constantly breaking over her. The *Zealand* is in sight of the *Amerique*. Yesterday noon her officers went ashore and no one has been aboard of her since. She was then firm in the sand.

A ship and two barks in ballast for Baltimore came ashore at Cape Henry in the fog last night. A life line has been thrown to the ship, but it has not been availed of, the surf running very high.

Catholic College.

OMAHA, March 26.—Plans have been perfected for the erection in this city of a large college by the Catholics, funds for the same having been bequested by the late Edward Creighton.

The Hoppers Coming Out.

Grasshoppers are reported hatched and very active in some places.

Steamer Ashore.

NEW YORK, March 26.—The new excursion steamer *Rockaway* went ashore this morning at Atlantic City and is broken in pieces.

Supreme Court Justice.

CHICAGO, March 26.—Senator Davis, of Illinois, was closeted to-night with Judge Drummond, of the U. S. Circuit Court, and a mutual friend states authoritatively that Davis has authority from the President to offer Judge Drummond the vacant Supreme Court judgeship. His claims are undoubted, though the President at first intended to appoint a Southern man.

CANADA.

The Canadian Seal.

HALIFAX, March 26.—The Court of the Queen's Bench to-day decided the great seal case, holding that the new seal was the legal one. The Chief Justice said he did not anticipate any evils would arise from the use of the old seal.

THE TERRITORIES.

Four stowaways were found on board the *Panama* shortly after she left Port Townsend the other day. The result was not encouraging to that sort of enterprise.

The bark *Osmyn*, which has just sailed from Seattle for San Francisco, took on 800 tons of coal in 21 hours, which the Seattle *Tribune* pronounces the fastest loading ever done at that port, if not the fastest ever done on the Pacific coast.

Mr. Gustavus Morrill, of Seattle, received a letter from the East last Friday, announcing the death of his aged father, on the 9th inst., at his home in Winthrop, Maine. Deceased was 78 years of age, a native of New England, and an uncle of Senator Morrill, of Maine.

The Seattle *Dispatch* has been shown some specimens of copper taken from Guemes Island, now in the possession of Dr. G. V. Calhoun. The ore is just rich enough to quarry with ease, for when it goes above 60 per cent. expensive machinery is need to cut it out. The size and extent of the ledges are not known, but if they are over three feet wide the discoverer has found a fortune.

The Seattle *Tribune*, of last Saturday, tells this: One of the passengers on the train from Kalama yesterday, came over all the way on the brake, beneath the car, so saving, through the ignorance of the conductor, his fare—six dollars. Before he got into Tacoma, however, he was of the opinion that the money so earned was earned very hard, as such a ride was attended with never ceasing pain and danger. His position on the brake was of the sitting posture, doubled all up, and holding on with both hands and feet. How he endured it for so many hours is a wonder, and it is a surprise that in preference to such a ride he did not get off at the first stopping place and continue his journey on foot.

From the Seattle *Dispatch*: It was nearly midnight on Friday when a canoe, with five Indians in it, undertook to pass between the piles and Mechanics' wharf. A high wind prevailed at the time, and the frail shell struck one of the piles, upsetting instantly. An old squaw was in the canoe, and was with difficulty dragged ashore by the others, who carried her up the bank and left her in a cabin near by. Then they came down town and made a fire in the slip between Horton's bank and the market. After their clothes were dry they returned to the cabin, only to find the old clootchman gone. A search was instituted, and her body was found lying on the ground a short distance off. The exposure and suffering in the water was too much for her. So Officer Thorndike was sent for and saw that the body got decent burial.

OREGON.

A gold watch and a few silver dollars were the proceeds of a burglary on Sterling creek, Jackson county, the other day. Mr. Charles Black was the loser.

On a recent trip, two highwaymen attempted to rob the Kerbyville stage. When they ordered the driver, Dick Ish, to stop, he whipped out a revolver and drove on. The highwaymen did not press their suit.

Says the Jacksonville *Sentinel*: "On the 17th inst., while working in a mining claim on Jackass creek, William C. Stephenson met with a severe accident by the bank caving in upon him, breaking both his legs. Dr. Danforth was sent for and set the fractures, and Mr. Stephenson is getting along very well, with prospects of a speedy recovery."

Silver.

LONDON, March 23.—Silver closed at 53¾d.

POLITICAL.

Pledges in Regard to Louisiana.

WASHINGTON, March 25.—The President stated to-night that there was no information regarding the Louisiana commission that could properly be made public at present. There is much conversation here about written pledges said to have been given by President Hayes' closest friends and advisers during the progress of the electoral count to certain Democrats. The following are the facts: When filibustering in the House was at its height, several Democratic Senators, among whom was Senator Gordon, were called into counsel by some of the Southern Republicans who felt it to be their duty to vote against all dilatory motions and to stand by the electoral bill in good faith. Senator Gordon stated that he had no responsibility as to the count inasmuch as he was not a member of the House, but he did feel the responsibility of protecting as far as he could the government of Hampton and the people of South Carolina, as he had been specially asked to do so, and would therefore go to Foster of Ohio and others, and know in advance of the completion of the count what was to be the fate of South Carolina and Louisiana. General Gordon did go with John Young Brown of Kentucky, and demanded a written pledge in his capacity as a friend of Hampton and Nicholls governments that they shouldn't be disturbed whatever might be the result of the count. It is alleged and denied that some such pledges in writing were given by Stanley Matthews and Representative Foster.

The Written Pledges.

The *Times* this morning, speaking of the alleged written pledges of Senator Matthews and Representative Foster that the Hampton and Nicholls governments would not be disturbed, says: "We feel warranted in saying that the letter referred to contains neither the terms of any bargain nor any pledge on behalf of the President, and that it was limited to the personal assurance of the authors and their own opinions." The *Times* promises to publish Stanley Matthews' letter to-morrow.

Civil Service.

WASHINGTON, March 24.—The cabinet is again considering the civil service rules.

The South Carolina Governors.

COLUMBIA, S. C., March 25.—It is reported that Gov. Chamberlain leaves here at midnight for Washington. Gov. Hampton has not yet decided whether he will visit the capital or not. It is understood he is awaiting advices from parties expected to arrive here to-morrow morning.

COLUMBIA, March 26.—Gov. Chamberlain has gone to Washington; Gov. Hampton still here.

The Louisiana Commission.

NEW YORK, March 25.—The *Times'* Washington special says: Thus far only Governor Brown has responded favorably in the matter of the Louisiana commission. Among those invited who declined, are Vice President Wheeler, Senator Davis, Prof. Woolsey, of Yale, Lockwood Hoar, John Young Brown, Morton McMichael of Philadelphia, and Stoughton. It is now believed a decision in the South Carolina case will be reached this week.

An Officious Clerk.

The *Times'* Washington special believes the action of clerk Adams, in making up an arbitrary list of Congressmen, is solely with a view to re-election.

Civil Service and the South.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—The cabinet was in session two hours to-day considering the situation in South Carolina and Louisiana and civil service rules. Nothing definite was done.

The Troops in the South.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—Concerning the alleged assurances of the President to Southern gentlemen involving the withdrawal of troops from the capitals of Louisiana and South Carolina, there is authority for saying the President has given no assurance of immediate action on that subject. In all cases he has said the gravity of questions required caution and deliberation, and hence his recent letter to Gov. Chamberlain and Gov. Hampton, inviting them to Washington. It is further stated in official quarters that previous to the President's inauguration he meditated sending a commission to Louisiana.

Practical Civil Service.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—The Secretary of the Treasury has issued the following regulations:

First—The force employed in this department, and each division and bureau will be carefully corrected to the numbers and grade fixed by law, and the appropriation therefor.

Second—When the law does not fix the number and compensation of employes as in the case of temporary clerks or persons paid from appropriations for specific purposes, the number at no time shall exceed the demands of the service, and compensation shall not exceed the rates paid for similar service in private establishments.

Third.—Each head of the bureau in this department will be strictly holden to the enforcement of the foregoing rules, and will report in writing to this office within 10 days, and from time to time thereafter the names of all persons employed under his direction who by reason of incompetency, bad habits, neglect of duty or any other cause, ought not to be retained longer in the service; also those whose services are no longer required for the conduct of the business entrusted to his charge. When a vacancy in any grade above the first of class one occurs in any bureau, and the public service requires that it be filled, the head of such bureau will report in writing the names of persons of each lower grade who by reason of industry, integrity and competency are most deserving of recognition by promotion thereto.

Fourth—Appointments of temporary clerks will hereafter be made only for a limited time, not to exceed the exigency which calls for their employment, the period of service to be stated in the letter of appointment.

Fifth—Hereafter no person will be appointed for employment in this department unless a written application for employment, and all papers and recommendations pertaining thereto intended for file in this department shall have been filed in the appointment division of this office, and merely verbal applications or recommendation for appointment or promotion will not be entertained.

Sixth—Under the requirements of the joint resolution of Congress approved March 3d, 1867, preferences for appointment will necessarily be given to honorably discharged soldiers or sailors of the United States, and under the provision of the act of March 3, 1875, directing the appointment of this department to be so arranged as to be equally distributed between the several States of the United States, Territories and District of Columbia, according to population, no person whose legal residence is in any division of the country above mentioned which has received already its full number of appointments in accordance with the distribution directed, shall be appointed, and all appointments will be subject to the examination required by the provisions of section 161 of the revised statutes.

Hampton Gives His Views.

COLUMBIA, March 26.—Gov. Hampton received yesterday the letter of the President inviting him to Washington. To-day he has written the following reply:

"I have the honor to acknowledge your communication of the 23d inst., addressed to me by your private secretary. As you express a desire for a personal conference with myself, I accept through motives of proper courtesy to yourself, the invitation you have extended, though I cannot hope by doing so to throw additional light upon the questions which have already been so ably and thoroughly presented, and the solution of which is so obvious and simple by understanding from the communication I have received that the object contemplated by the proposed conference is solely that I might place before you my views of the impediments to a peaceful and orderly organization of a single and undisputed State government in South Carolina, and of the best methods of removing them. I shall avail myself of your invitation so that I may reiterate in person what I have the honor to submit in writing, that in my judgment all the impediments to objects so earnestly desired by yourself, and so anxiously expected by the people of this State can at once be removed by the withdrawal of Federal troops from out the State House. This action on the part of the commander-in-chief of the United States forces would not only be hailed by our people as evidence that the civil authority is no longer to be subordinated to the military power in our country, but it would establish law, insure domestic tranquility, revive our wasted industries and give assurance that this State is to be restored to her just rights under the constitution. Whatever grievances exist, whatever wrongs we suffer, we propose to redress them not by resort to force, but by legal and constitutional agencies. In seeking such redress, I feel that I but speak fully the determination of the thoughtful conservative portion of our whole people when I give the assurance that no proscription shall be exercised here on account of political opinions; that no discrimination shall be made in the administration of justice, and that all citizens of both parties and both races shall be regarded as fully protected by and amenable to the laws. Joining most heartily with you in the earnest desire you express, that you may be able to put an end, speedily as possible, to all appearance of intervention of the military authority of the United States on political derangements, which affect government and affect the people of South Carolina, and fervently trusting that this auspicious result may soon be reached, I have the honor to be very respectfully your obedient servant, WADE HAMPTON,

Governor of South Carolina.

Gov. Hampton leaves to-morrow night and will arrive in Washington Thursday morning. Everything quiet throughout the State.

The Statu Quo to be Maintained.

NEW ORLEANS, March 26.—The *Times* publishes the following dispatches:

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 25, 1877.

To Hon. S. B. Packard, New Orleans, Louisiana:

Your dispatch of the 14th instant received. The Secretary of War has sent to General Auger the following:

To Gen. C. C. Auger, New Orleans, Louisiana:

A commission will shortly visit Louisiana. In the meantime the President desires the situation remain unchanged. Please report changes in the situation if any have occurred since the close of the late administration. W. McCRARY.

Also this from Kellogg:

WASHINGTON, March 25, 1877.

To Gov. S. B. Packard, New Orleans:

President Hayes said yesterday to Ellis and others, in the presence of a congressman, that Nicholls has no legal court. His Supreme Court is rendering judgments and entangling property when its judgments are entirely worthless.

W. P. KELLOGG.

A Proclamation by Nicholls.

NEW ORLEANS, March 26.—Gov. Nicholls has issued the following proclamation: "The State government being now complete in all its branches and in full performance of all its functions, it becomes the duty of the people of Louisiana promptly to discharge their duty regarding pecuniary obligations to it, that all just claims against it may be punctually met; to the ordinary motives inducing the payment of taxes is now added that of evincing by such payment a confidence in the strength and stability of that government, and a just appreciation of the fact that it is the one chosen by the people. The evidence already received on this point is entirely satisfactory, and I confidently expect the same patriotic action throughout the State. The people of Louisiana may rest confidently assured that the government of which they have chosen me the executive head will not be imperiled or impaired by any compromises of their rights." He then thanks those who, on January 9th, responded to the call of the civil authorities of the State to prevent illegal attempts to oust the people of Louisiana from their legal possession of the court buildings, and who have since quietly, thoroughly and most patiently performed their duties as citizens.

A Proclamation by Packard.

Gov. Packard has also issued a counter proclamation of about 2,000 words, a leading to Nicholls' proclamation as containing gross misstatements, denying that the Nicholls government is a fixed fact, and makes the following points: "The pretended legislature which canvassed Nicholls' claim to the office of governor has not before them any legal returns of the election as prescribed by the constitution and lacked two of a quorum in the Senate, and 20 of a quorum in the House, the Secretary of State refusing a formal demand made upon him by partisans of Nicholls, placed the only legal returns of the election before the legislature, recognized by Governor Kellogg; that the legislature meeting in the State House as required by law, and having a full legal quorum in both houses, opened and canvassed the returns and declared me elected Governor. The vote of the State of Louisiana was further passed upon during the recent contest over the presidential election by the highest tribunal in the nation. That tribunal declared the vote to have been cast for Hayes and Wheeler, and by so doing proclaimed in effect my election, for the vote cast for me exceeded by nearly 700 that cast for several of the electors. The constitution names as executive officers of the State treasurer, secretary of state, auditor and general superintendent of public education. Not one of these is in accord with or under the control of General Nicholls. They all recognize the Packard government, they have the tax books, archives, etc., and are indispensable to carrying on a government. A great majority of the district judges, and nearly all peaceful, prosperous State parishes, recognize this government and its officials. A few country parishes which assume to recognize Nicholls are mostly those where turbulence prevails as it did during the State campaign, and where political assassinations is still practiced and approved. Referring to Nicholls' thanks to his troops, he says it is notorious that the patriotic service thus rendered consisted in several thousand armed white league with artillery in a battery taking violent possession of the court room and archives of the Supreme Court of unquestioned legality, and installing in their stead a pretended tribunal commissioned by Nicholls and officially declared by the President of the United States to be devoid of any legal authority. Harsh and arbitrary proceedings and illegal arrests and incarcerations without benefit of bail, which have since been inflicted upon the supporters of the State government by the judicial tribunals thus temporarily usurped by Mr. Nicholls and his adherents, are sufficient proof of the insincerity of the pledges alleged to have been offered, that under his rule, if his government should be allowed to stand, the rights of all citizens would be respected. If the revolution be made successful under Nicholls, what is to prevent another chieftain with an equal right setting up in turn another government in our midst. That is compelling the resemblance to Mexican customs. Nicholls' government rests its claims on the support it receives from the rich and aristocratic classes in this city. It is a threatened oligarchy of wealth and menace to the middle and poorer classes, all of which is in violation of the principles which are under every foundation of republican government. If force instead of law is to determine the rightfulness of government, the great body of producers who voted for me can hardly be blamed, should they prove so patriotic as to abandon their legitimate pursuits to defend the government of their choice. If they leave the plough at my call there will be no harvest for either cotton exchange or cotton-picker. Both alike will suffer. Packard alludes to the fact that his supporters added $65,000,000 to the State revenues in staple products last year, and that members of the Cotton Exchange are largely aliens, handling the crops produced by native born labor. He warns the people that the Nicholls tax receipts will not be valued against the State, and reiterates his intention to defend his title and the rights of those who elected him to the extremity. Letters and messages from every part of the Union are received daily, assuring him of the support and sympathy of the great Republican party. He concludes: "Information reaches me that in a few days a national commission will visit the State. It will be my earnest purpose to so administer the government as to oppress none and maintain the rights of all, and have confidence that justice will eventually prevail and right be established. S. B. PACKARD Gov.

WASHINGTON CITY.

Postal Changes.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—Postmasters appointed—Senecca E. Abbott, Alvord, Grant county, Oregon; Peter B. Settle, Belknap Springs, Lane county, Oregon; Chas. Dewey, Ellensburgh, Curry county Oregon; James L. Kelty, Lafayette, Yamhill county, Oregon; Leroy S. Starr, Monroe, Benton county Oregon; George E. Cole, Portland, Multnomah county, Oregon.

Geological Expedition.

Plans for the coming season's expedition by Prof. Hayden's geologists survey have been arranged, except in minute details. The work will be conducted the coming year north of the Union Pacific railroad, commencing along the forty-fifth parallel, explored by Clarence King, and continued north and west into the Territories of Idaho, Wyoming and Montana. The corps will be arranged in five divisions. The first one, a triangular party, will be under the direction of A. D. Wilson, who will carry forward a system of primary triangles in the same manner as they were employed in Colorado. All the higher peaks will be located in this way. The western topographical division will be in charge of Henry Gannett, who will explore the region of country from Ogden east and northward. The eastern division will be directed by Geo. B. Chittenden. This party will explore the country along the Sweetwater and Wind river. The northern division will be under the charge of G. B. Beckler, and will occupy the country about the sources of the Snake river and along the borders of the Yellowstone National Park. It is intended to have the party reach the field by the 15th of May, where they will remain about five months. Each division of the survey will cover an area of about 10,000 square miles. The region to be worked and mapped this year is but little known geographically, and it is expected that the results of this season's work will add much to our geographical knowledge of the Rocky Mountains region.

Redemption of Bonds.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—Messrs. Rothschild telegraphs from London that the syndicate are ready for another call for $ 0,000,000 for redemption of U. S. 6 per cents of 1865, and the Secretary of the Treasury will probably issue it to-morrow.

The Chinese Question.

The *Times'* Washington special says Senator Morton, who left Washington last night for his home, took with him the report and evidence of the joint commission of Congress, appointed to investigate the character, extent and effect of Chinese immigration to the Pacific States, in order to prepare a minority report. The testimony taken by the joint commission covers over 1,200 printed pages, and will be presented to Congress at its next session. The majority recommends that measures be taken by the President looking toward the modification of an existing treaty with China, confining it strictly commercial purposes, and that Congress legislate to restrain the influx of Chinese to this country.

Accrued Interest on Bonds and Rumors of Officials.

NEW YORK, March 26.—The *Tribune's* Washington special says: Judge Talbot, solicitor of the Treasury, will submit to the Secretary to-morrow a report of his investigations into the alleged fraudulent collection of accrued interest on registered bonds by treasury officers. He will also report as to alleged immoral practices of certain officials. The report is somewhat startling to those opponents of the administration who have been busy in concocting and circulating stories detrimental to the administration of its officers. The solicitor, after having carefully examined all accusations finds there never has been a dollar of accrued interest fraudulently paid since the foundation of the government, and that the stories relative to alleged immoralities of certain high officials is utterly without foundation, and appear to be invented and circulated for the purpose best understood by their abettors and mischievous authors. The result of the report will undoubtedly be the immediate discharge of officers, who have been engaged in engineering these inventions.

Supreme Court Decision.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—The Supreme Court, in an Illinois case, made a decision to-day in effect that the journals of the House and Senate of a State may be produced and accepted as evidence that a bill did not pass these bodies on account of not being properly recorded in one of the books. Also that a reference to the act by subsequent legislative acts did not give it any additional force; that a law which was never formally passed cannot be given vitality by such means.

The Treasury Management.

WASHINGTON, March 26.—The Solicitor of the Treasury has submitted a report to the Secretary of Treasury exonerating officials of the department from charges of fraud. He says it is not known up to the present time that with the exception of $240 imprudently paid out in 1875 any amount has been paid as unclaimed interest which has not been paid back or will not be paid back as a result of the present investigation. No loss has resulted or can result to the United States, the Treasurer being liable on his official bond for all disbursements made to persons not authorised to receive the same. Several thousand dollars have been fraudulently paid out, but this cannot be determined without judicial investigation.

Government Timber Lands.

The prosecution of the work of detecting depredations on public lands will be vigorous. The chief field for labor is in Minnesota.

Remarking on the Cabinet appointments the New York *Times* editorially says:

The Senators comprehend the drift of things. They have not cared to resist it openly, and therefore they try to turn it aside by a quiet reassertion of a privilege which no President who understood his duties would for a moment have conceded to them. Failing in their efforts to usurp some of the most important functions of the President they retreat disgusted. They complain that they have not been "consulted." They protest that the President is "too magnanimous." They think that they ought to have been listened to "more deferentially." Generally, in short, these Senatorial magnates are dissatisfied and disappointed because Mr. Hayes has not intrusted to them the performance of a task which, of all others, belongs exclusively to himself.

The condition in which Mr. Hayes emerges from this, his earliest and perhaps severest trial, will go far toward determining the popular impression of his character. A man in his position, with no mind of his own, would quietly succumb to the pressure brought to bear upon him. The effect would at once be apparent. We should have the machinery of government intrusted to the old set of hack politicians, and the machine would be run in the crooked grooves which have been conspicuous for years past. The Federal offices in the South would be given to adventurers and cousins, and the whole civil service would be a by word and a mockery in connection with reform. Mr. Hayes owes his election to the belief that he is made of sterner stuff than the ordinary pliant politician, and that in the performance of well-defined duties he will not suffer himself to be influenced by the entreaties or threats of Senators or deputations. His letter of acceptance confirmed this supposition. It was a bold declaration of purposes which commended themselves to the people, but were distasteful to the trading partisans. His inaugural address is another step in the same direction. It is an avowal of unchanged purposes, with an evident consciousness of the responsibility they involve, and the collet courage of a man who is not afraid of the risks and annoyances connected with them.

THE EASTERN QUESTION.

Bosnian Insurgents.

LONDON, March 25.—A dispatch from Vienna reports that Gen. Descotwitch has organized the Bosnian insurgent forces into ten bodies, a majority of which are armed with Peabody rifles.

Count Andrassy's Reforms.

PESTH, March 25.—A special says the Austrian cabinet will inform gratified that it still considers the reforms proposed by Count Andrassy to be the best means of preserving the peace and ameliorating the condition of the Christians in Turkey. Andrassy will propose that Russia and Turkey demobilize simultaneously, and it is hoped Russia will consent.

The Porte has informed Montenegro that it will submit to the Turkish parliament next week for final decision the concessions which it is willing to grant to Montenegro, and will also submit therewith Montenegro's demands.

Turkey's Terms of Demobilization.

A Berlin correspondent telegraphs I can affirm confidently that the Porte on the 20th inst., informed the powers that it would under no circumstances yield assent to the Russian protocol if the document required Turkey to demobilize before Russia.

The Art of War.

LONDON, March 25.—The Belgrade correspondent of the *Times* says the levy en masse is proceeding briskly. In Bosnia the Mohammedans are learning the drill rapidly.

The Disarmament Question.

The *Times'* correspondent at Vienna reports that Russia never said anything officially which would make it appear that she considers that the conditions annexed to disarmament are to be taken as final. So there's always a chance of inducing her to listen to some compromise.

The Berlin special to the *Times* remarks, that notwithstanding the alarming statements current in Vienna, it may be safely asserted that England has insisted neither on introducing the disarmament clause into the protocol, nor on submitting the protocol to Turkey. All that England demanded was that Russia should engage in some form or other to disarm after the signing of that paper. Russia could not enter into such engagement until peace be concluded with Montenegro and Turkey likewise consented to disarm. The object of continuing the negotiations is to secure these primary results. Russia's desire for peace being regarded as sincere, an arrangement is more probable than a rupture.

Negotiations Ended.

A Pera correspondent asserts that the Montenegrin delegates intimate, on Saturday that negotiations must be considered ended. They declare they will quit Constantinople.

End of Negotiations.

PERA, March 26.—Negotiations between the Porte and Montenegro are apparently interrupted, the Montenegrin envoys refusing to telegraph for further instructions, sure of the Prince's determination.

More Turkish Outrages.

RAGUSA, March 26.—Some peasants who to escape massacre took refuge in Austrian territory have returned to their homes. Five hundred Bashi Bazouks fell upon the village of Otchiero, where the returned had taken refuge and were rebuilding their dwellings, and burned the partly restored houses and murdered ten of the refugees with unspeakable horrors. Others fled across the frontier. At Glamnick there was another butchery. A Greek of the orthodox Church had celebrated his marriage with a girl of the same faith. The bridal procession was stopped by Turks, who cut down and beheaded four of the guests and exposed their heads on poles. The bride died from outrages inflicted.

Alliance of the Three Emperors.

VIENNA, March 26.—The *Neue Fris Presse* states that the alliance of the three Emperors will continue on the original basis. The idea of co-operation with Russia never existed. The alliance was formed rather to prevent than to facilitate intervention. One more function can now be exercised by the alliance—that of localizing the conflict should war commence.

Active War Preparations—British Under Arms.

LONDON, March 26.—The *Times'* Belgrade special says: In Bosnia the Turkish Redifs are all under arms, and the national militia are being armed and drilled. A special commission has been appointed to see that no person liable shall evade military service. The militia have received Snider rifles. Money, shoes and horses are given to the authorities for the newly mobilized militia and commissariat, held ready for use. Ulmers and Dervishes continue to excite warlike feelings by fanatical addresses. Insignificant bands are appearing in hitherto undisturbed districts, and as the weather is becoming mild enough to make life in the mountains endurable, these bands will receive large accessions from the poorlace, driven to desperation by misrule. Letters from Bosnia and Bulgaria are to the effect that tax-gatherers exact tithes twice, declaring that the first were unauthorized. The confusion is becoming more aggravating every day. Other dispatches say Kustendjeh has been strengthened and that Odessa is completely secured against sea attack and garrisoned by ten thousand men, while other troops are in the neighborhood.

BY ATLANTIC CABLE.

France and Germany Friendly.

LONDON, March 25.—A Berlin dispatch states that Marquis D. Alcaia, aid-de-camp of President MacMahon, who came to Berlin to congratulate the Emperor on his birthday, met with a distinguished reception. Bismarck at a dinner to the diplomatic corps, expressed great satisfaction that friendly relations between France and Germany had so far improved as to enable the President to send a special envoy to the Emperor.

Duke Nicholas Movements.

A dispatch from Odessa reports that Grand Duke Nicholas started from that city for Kischeneff on the 18th.

The Pope's Health.

A dispatch from Rome to the *Daily News* says the condition of the Pope's health is serious despite the optimistic bulletins. Cardinals Simeoni and Vallea are already preparing for the conclave.

The Pope Sick.

ROME, March 25.—Amid the feverish excitement and unremitting labor at the Vatican relative to the consistory, the Pope has fallen ill again. It is certain that after the secret consistory of the 22d, he fainted and had to quit reading the allocution.

These fainting fits have recurred and the Pope has remained unconscious longer each time. He does not like his illness to be perceived and makes a strong effort to subside it, producing a painful reaction the moment he gets back to his own sentiments, and he sinks into a chair and remains motionless with his eyes closed like a corpse. The recent excitement has told upon him, and indeed on several occasions during the spring which is always a dangerous season for him, his life has been almost despaired of. His physicians regard the fatiguing receptions of pilgrims with great apprehension.

Asking for a City of Refuge.

The Pope's advisers are endeavoring to get France and Austria to revive the Roman question. It is hoped to induce Italy so far to recognize the Pope's temporal power as to cede the Leonine City to the Holy See, where all religious orders expelled from Rome could find an asylum, it is denied that preparations are making for a conclave.

Rumored Death of the Pope.

PARIS, March 26.—The evening papers publish rumors of the death of the Pope.

The Pope and his Successor.

LONDON, March 26.—A dispatch from Rome says the Pope was sufficiently well on Saturday to give audience, but had to be carried.

The *Times'* Rome dispatch states that the Archbishop of Naples and Perugia and the Vicar of Rome are confidently mentioned as candidates for the Papacy.

The Next on the List.

BRUSSELS, March 25th.—The Leopold states

THE UNION

THE GREAT CURES

DR. STEINHART

DR. CISSON'S DISPENSARY

623 Kearny Street

Established in 1854, for the treatment of Sexual and Urinary diseases, such as Gonorrhœa, Stricture, Syphilis in all its forms, Seminal Weakness, Impotency, Chronic Diseases etc., positively cured, or no charge.

SEMINAL WEAKNESS.

CURED AT HOME.

TO THE

DR. STEINHART

DR. I. F. [illegible]

Box 1,957, San Francisco.

THE GREAT CURES

DR. STEINHART

DR. STEINHART

DR. STEINHART

The Daily Oregonian.

TUESDAY MORNING, MARCH 27, 1877.

THE SOUTHERN PROBLEM.

Some years ago several of the Southern States were Republican by decided majorities. At this time there is not a Republican State, nor a Congressional district surely Republican between the Potomac and the Rio Grande. We have almost if not quite a "solid South," therefore; and it ought by this time to occur to us whether there is not some defect in the course of politics that has led to such a result. By active opposition the South has been united as a political body, with the exception of two or three States, and these are to say the least, doubtful. Knowing by experience what policy it is that has produced this result, it is worth while to try a different policy, to the end that the States of that section may be politically divided. It is this result which the present administration seems to desire to bring about. Public opinion is the basis of American government. President Hayes sees that a time must come when the military authority of the United States can be no longer invoked to sustain a government in any State where all parties alike profess loyalty to national authority. In certain quarters he is censured for not promptly declaring that the military power shall be used to sustain the remnant of Republican authority in the Southern States. But there is a deeper question. It is not whether one party or another shall be sustained and kept in power, but in what way good government can be best secured and equal rights for all most surely enforced. The pacification of the country is the great question. It confronts the administration, and calls for solution. Heretofore the method pursued has been a very simple one. A military order has been deemed sufficient. But President Hayes manifestly has an aversion to this description of proceedings. Something broader is required. The country could not be satisfied with a continuance of methods which have led to conspicuous failure.

SCHOOL BOOKS.

In many of our States, and especially in the newer ones, the school book question is most usually coming up for discussion. In Oregon, for a number of years past, we have had our share of it, and the question is still with us. In the selection of text-books for the public schools, it so happens that intelligence is not always seconded by disinterestedness; too often it is defeated by considerations of favoritism, and inferior books are forced upon the schools. Of course, in any thorough system of public instruction, some degree of uniformity of text-books is indispensable. And when a selection has once been made and the books introduced, even though the best judgment has not been displayed in making the choice, considerations of economy then appear to make it necessary to retain the books at least for a time, so as not to charge parents with the expense of frequent changes. In Oregon we have a case something like this. No competent judge, we are confident, would call the Pacific Coast Readers the best series. As compared with some other series of readers their faults and deficiencies are very apparent. Yet as our schools have them, the authorities no doubt act wisely in retaining them for the present. The time is sure to arrive, however, when this series will be replaced by some other evincing more thoroughness and culture. Criticisms from teachers and from the press frequently come to our notice, in which the imperfections of these books are pointed out sometimes with great severity. There is, in fact, a very general, and doubtless to some extent an unjust prejudice against them. But after all, it is of less consequence what books are used, than what manner of use is made of them, the success of the school depending more on the method of instruction and the tact and skill of the teacher in leading the mind of the pupil into vigorous and healthy activity, than on the instruments he employs.

John D. Lee has suffered the severest penalty of the law for the murder of a number of men, women and children at Mountain Meadows, Utah, a few years ago. The rest who participated in that fiendish deed escaped. It is fitting that Lee, who was in command of the gang, should have been conducted to the scene of the massacre and have received there the recompense of his bloody deed. But guilty as he was, he was not the most guilty party. The real authors of this hideous crime were the rulers in the Mormon hierarchy, and particularly Brigham Young, the autocrat of the stupendous aggregation of rottenness called the Church of the Latter-Day Saints. That able and infamous apostle and prophet of lust and lucre, by skillfully and persistently cultivating the religious fanaticism which constitutes the foundation of his ascendency over the minds of the ignorant masses of his church, prepared them for the perpetration of any crime which the interests of the system or the avarice of its high priest might seem to require. It is barely possible he did not directly instigate the particular crime which Lee has expiated with his life. That he has directed the murder of many others, no one doubts who has paid any attention to the subject. When Lee reported to him the massacre of the emigrants at Mountain Meadows, he affected disapproval of the horrible deed, and said he had not thought there were so many women and children slain as Lee reported; however, he would "save counsel of God" about it. He then retired, took "counsel," and reported that God justified the act. Thus his fanatics were encouraged by the most potent of all influences to repeat their atrocities. How many human bodies rotted in the canyons of Utah as the result of this "taking counsel of God," will never be known till the dead shall come forth to confront those by whose hands and those at whose instigation, their blood was spilled. If there is to be a day of reckoning after this life is ended, where justice is not thwarted by the imperfections that wait upon its earthly administration here, John D. Lee will stand in that day as an angel of light in comparison with this "Prophet of the Most High," the last of whose hundreds of victims is Lee himself.

On February 6th, Senator Kelly asked, and, by unanimous consent, obtained leave to introduce a bill in the Senate the proof of residence, occupation, cultivation, non-alienation, and the oath of allegiance, provided for in the case of settlers on public lands may be made before the judge, or, in his absence, before the clerk of any court of record of the district in which the lands are situated; and in case the lands lie in unorganized territory, then before any such officer in any adjoining State or Territory. The bill passed both houses before the adjournment of congress. It will be a great convenience to settlers living remote from land offices.

Those in search of homes should read the communication from Four Lakes. We are somewhat acquainted personally with the region of country about Spokane Falls, and do not hesitate to pronounce it one of the best countries west of the Rocky Mountains. The distance from market and want of facilities for transportation are the only drawbacks, and though these may not be removed so speedily as the settlers hope, there is nothing surer than that they will be before a great length of time.

Nicholls has fired off a proclamation, to the effect that he is governor of Louisiana, and that he wants some money. Packard has fired a proclamation back at him, declaring him a falsifier. Packard may seriously think Nicholls romances a little when he declares he is governor, but he can hardly dispute Nicholls' statement that he wants money.

Secretary Sherman has issued a circular placing the Treasury Department in line on the civil service question.

THE BATTLE OF THE ABIQUA.

ANOTHER WITNESS.

SILVERTON, Oregon, March 23, 1877.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

As there seems to be quite a diversity of opinion as to the battle of the Abiqua, I will endeavor to give some light on the subject. I will not enter into details at this time, for my friends Hunt, Minto and Geer have given a very correct statement of the facts.

I came to this part of the country in the year 1845 and settled on Butte creek, and lived there from that time until one year ago, and know whereof I speak. There was a battle fought on Abiqua in the spring of 1848, between the whites and a band of Klamath Indians (Governor Curry, Nesmith and Johnson to the contrary notwithstanding) in which several Indians were killed and one white man wounded. The Indians were driven up the creek into the canyon, where we killed several of them and completely demoralized the balance; so much so that the remainder took the Klamath trail and left the valley, and have never been back here in any numbers since to my knowledge.

And in reply to Mr. A. F. Johnson about the Butte creek trouble, I will merely say that I lived within one mile of Mr. Jack's mill at the time this trouble should have happened, and I never heard of such a thing until it was published in the OREGONIAN of yesterday. And it is unreasonable to suppose that Uncle Samuel Allen gave him this version of the Abiqua battle, from this fact, that Uncle Samuel Allen was in the battle himself and took part in the same. And I give it as my opinion that nothing of the kind ever happened as the Butte Creek trouble, for living as near as I did to the mill, I would have heard something about it very soon. It is useless for men who were not here at that time to talk so loud about what they know nothing about, when there are plenty of good, responsible men living near here that took part in the battle and are ready to testify to the facts in the case, when it is necessary to do so to find out the truth. It is to be hoped that the people of Oregon will not be deceived into the belief that the battle of the Abiqua is merely a romance, for there are plenty of old pioneers that took part in the battle in this neighborhood and know all about the facts in the case, and all are ready to give them when called on. Yours, MITCHEL WHITLOCK.

A CORRECTION.

AN OFFICIAL STATEMENT THAT CANNOT BE DISPUTED.

EUGENE, March 24, 1877.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

In the issue of an evening paper of your city of the 21st inst., we notice a communication from some gentleman signed "Taxpayer," which, so far as it refers to the matters of the State University, is incorrect. "Taxpayer" says: "This change would have been better for the professor, if the last legislature had made the necessary appropriation for salaries, etc., but as it did not, he is out and injured, for his warrants are at a discount; but that he had the right to do as he did will hardly be questioned." The statement that Prof. Johnson's warrants are at a discount is unqualifiedly false. His warrants were paid in full the day they were drawn, and there is now money in the treasury of the board of regents waiting to pay the salary of the professor as soon as it becomes due.

We would inform "Taxpayer" that the last legislature appropriated $20,000 to finish and furnish the State University; that the contract for finishing the same has been let, and will be completed by the 1st of October next. After the building is finished the regents will have some five or six thousand dollars with which to purchase apparatus for the University. We must further inform "Taxpayer" that the salaries of the professors and teachers are paid out of interest arising on the University fund, and from tuition to the University.

T. F. HENDRICKS,
B. F. DORRIS,
J. M. THOMPSON,
Executive Committee of Board of Regents.
JOSHUA J. WALTON, Secretary.

MARRIED:

In this city, March 23, Wm. S. Buchanan, of Portland, and Miss Onie Shattuck of Oregon City.

At Yakima City, March 9, Frank P. Olney and Miss Emma Sheridan.

At Yakima City, March 15, Edwin E. Butler and Miss Maggie O'Neal.

NEW TO-DAY.

GRAND MATINEE SALE!
TO-MORROW.
WEDNESDAY, MARCH 28, 1877,
At 10 o'clock A. M.,
Furniture, Carpets, Dry Goods, Groceries, Cigars, Bar Fixtures, Pictures, Mirrors, and Merchandise.
ON SATURDAY, MARCH 31,
Very Attractive Sale of Elegant
Parlor, Diningroom and Bedroom Sets, Sideboards, etc., and Kitchen Furniture. Velvet, Body Brussels and 3-Ply Carpets.
The above goods are the best ever offered at Auction in the city, and can be seen on Thursday, March 29th.
OSCAR KILBOURN, Auctioneer.

Just Received.
Cross & Blackwell's Pickles
Crackniels,
English Breakfast Tea,
Sardelle, in Tins.
For sale by
HACHENEY & STEMME,
SEED DEPOT,
Corner Taylor and First sts.

FOR SALE.
ONE TUFTS ALASKA SODA FOUNTAIN, consisting of White Marble Standard, with 8 heavy Silver plated Syrup Faucets. One Copper Soda Generator, and two 14-gallon Copper Tanks, with all the tools and appliances necessary. All in good working order, and for sale $200 below cost. Apply to ALISKY & HEGELE, Confectioners, First street, Portland.

NEW AND ELEGANT
Children's Kilt Suits
JUST RECEIVED AT
FISBEL & ROBERTS',
Cor. First and Alder Sts.

EASTER KRANCHEN.
GIVEN BY THE
First Congregational Church
AT TURN HALLE,
Monday Evening, April 2, 1877.
TICKETS, $1 00.
To be had at Allisky & Hegele's, Isaac Blum's and A. E. Miller's. THE COMMITTEE.

LODGE, SEE & CO.
SUCCESSORS TO
MUDGE, LADD & CO.
DEALERS IN
PAINTS, OILS, GLASS, PUTTY, BRUSHES, ETC.
WINDOW GLASS &c.
NOS. 75 FRONT & 76 FIRST STS.
PORTLAND, OREGON.

TO LOAN.
ON REAL ESTATE SECURITY, $2000—$2300—$300 and $600. Apply to WOODWARD & CONNELL, Brokers, cor. First and Washington sts.

READ AND PROFIT THEREBY.
NOW IS A GOOD TIME TO BUY A HOME IN the city or country, as Real Estate is selling very low. We have some good Business Lots and Residences for sale on very reasonable terms.
We will sell 320 Acres of good Land for $1250; 160 Acres for $640; 40 Acres for $200. Also a number of good Farms, containing from 80 to 660 acres, can be bought of us on reasonable terms, among which is one 5 miles southwest of Forest Grove, containing 660 acres, 320 acres fenced, 130 in meadow and about 150 plow land; it is a choice Dairy and Grain Farm. We Rent houses, collect rents, loan money, make out and take acknowledgments of legal papers, search Records, and pay taxes for non-residents.
PARRISH & CORNELL,
Real Estate and Loan Agents.
Front and Washington streets, Portland, Oregon.
L. M. PARRISH. E. W. CORNELL, Notary Public.

Farm at Public Sale.
WE WILL OFFER FOR SALE, on the PREMises, on Thursday, April 19th, 1877, at two o'clock P. M., two hundred acres of the Talbot Farm. The improvements consist of a house, barn, outhouses, good orchard, and it is all under fence, and nearly all plow land. There is just enough timber for farm purposes; running water on the farm. It is situated eight miles southwest of McMinnville, and is one of the choicest pieces of land in Yamhill county. Certificate furnished from reliable attorneys that the title is perfect. Terms—part cash, balance on time, secured by mortgage on the farm. For particulars see
DeLASHMUTT & OATMAN.

Notice is hereby given that I have just received a full Power of Attorney from George Talbot to transact any and all business for him.
HENRY P. TALBOT.
Portland, March 22, 1877. m26d&wlm

WANTED.
$3000 IN DALLES AND SANDY WAGON Road scrip. Will pay cash. For particulars see DeLASHMUTT & OATMAN.

$3000, $2500, $700, $1500, $900 and $3000 to loan on Real Estate Security for twelve months, for particulars call at the RETAIL BANK.

For Sale—A fine DAIRY FARM, all stocked, on Sauvie's Island, with good paying business. For the deed apply to DeLASHMUTT & OATMAN.

Sums from Twenty-five Cents up always on hand to loan on personal security.
Bonds and Stocks bought and sold on commission.
Some splendid bargains in City Real Estate, and a few farms at less than the improvements cost can be had of yours truly,
DeLASHMUTT & OATMAN.
m26d1m Retail Bankers.

THE SPRING STYLES
IN
SILK AND
GASS MERE HATS
Are now Ready at
MEUSSDORFFER'S,
111 FRONT ST, BELOW MORRISON.

WE CALL ATTENTION TO OUR LARGE Stock of Boys' and Youths' Hats. Also, Men's Beaver, Soft and Stiff Hats, in various styles, and Colors. mh10d1m

REGULAR AUCTION SALE
Furniture, Groceries, Wooden Ware, &c.
At Salesroom, at 10 o'clock A. M.
THIS DAY.
TUESDAY, MARCH 27, 1877.
FURNITURE.
On account of departure,
1 Elegant Walnut Bedroom Set, marble top
1 Fine Cottage do do
ALSO,
Spring, Hair and Pulu Mattresses, Lounges, Diningroom Chairs, Mirrors, Extension Table, Crockery, &c.
ALSO,
Cook and Parlor Stoves and Kitchen Furniture.
ALSO,
An assortment of Wooden Ware, Clothes Baskets, &c.
ALSO
GROCERIES.
GILMAN & IRVIN, Auctioneers.

FROM HONOLULU.
THE CARGO OF THE BARKENTINE JANE A. FALKINBURG, consisting of
SUGARS,
Various Brands and Assorted Grades.
Rice and Molasses,
In ten gallon kegs, is now landing, and will be offered to the Trade, at low rates.
m26d1m ALLEN & LEWIS.

New Goods Just Received.
Dress Goods, Corsets,
White Goods, Hosiery,
Embroideries, Parasols,
Fancy Goods and Notions.
In the above lines our stock for variety, good quality and low prices is unequaled in this market.
JOHN WILSON, 107 Third st.

FOR HONOLULU--Direct.

THE A 1 CLIPPER BARKENTINE
JANE A. FALKINBURG,
L. H. HUBBARD.....Master
Will have quick despatch. For Freight or Passage apply to
ALLEN & LEWIS, Portland,
m26d10t or to Capt. GEO. FLAVEL, Astoria.

OREGON STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.
SPECIAL NOTICE.
FROM AND AFTER THIS DATE THIS COMpany will carry Canned Salmon and Canned Beef from the Columbia River Canneries (below mouth of Willamette) to Astoria at the rate of One Dollar per ton.
J. C. AINSWORTH, President.
March 1, 1877. m1d1m

DRY GOODS, MILLINERY, ETC.
THE WHITE HOUSE.
We are now ready to show
OUR MAGNIFICENT STOCK OF
SPRING GOODS!
We will open this week
AN IMMENSE STOCK
OF
MILLINERY GOODS!
Imported direct from the East, to which we invite the Trade.
LOW PRICES
GUARANTEED A SPECIALTY!
During the Season,
LEWIS & STRAUSS,
No. 87 FIRST STREET.

CLARKE & HENDERSON.
HAVE RECEIVED PER STEAMER "AJAX" A
Complete Stock of Goods
suitable for this season of the year. Mr. HENDERSON being in San Francisco will as soon as the
SPRING GOODS
arrive, take advantage of the market and send us the latest
Novelties in Dress Goods, &c.
As far as prices are concerned we would like to have our customers examine our Stock, and judge for themselves.
As Mr. Henderson will be in the market for the next two months, any one wishing to have orders filled that cannot be filled here, he will attend to for them. CLARKE & HENDERSON.

Just Received
BY
NORTHRUP & THOMPSON,
129 & 131 Front st., Portland,
WHOLESALE DEALERS,
A New Stock of
HARDWARE,
Iron and Steel, and Wagon Material.
Also, a Full Line of
RUBBER HOSE, 3-ply Best Quality, with HOSE PIPE and COUPLINGS.
Packing of all kinds, Pure Gum, Rubber and Round Piston,
To which they invite the attention of country buyers.
New Prices with New Goods.
Agents for Garcia's Timber Jacks.

Helen's Babies	$ 50
Annals of a Baby	50
Tom Sawyer	3 50
The Great Mate	00
Turkistan, by Schuyler	7 50

All the above for sale by
A. K. C. & CO.,
BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS,
Portland, Oregon.

"MESSENGER"
STILL TRIUMPHANT!
Sewing Machine Sales for 1876:
The Singer Manuf'g Co. Sold 262,816 Machines.

Sewing Machine Sales for 1876:

Singer Manufacturing Co.	262,316
Howe Machine Co.	109,294
Wheeler & Wilson Manufacturing Co.	103,997
Domestic Sewing Machine Co.	23,587
American B. H. &c., S. M. Co.	17,937
Weed Sewing Machine Co.	14,425
Wilcox & Gibbs S. M. Co.	12,788
Remington S. M. Co.	12,716
Gold Medal Sewing Machine Co.	7,185
Victor Sewing Machine Co.	5,750
Florence Sewing Machine Co.	2,978
J. E. Braunsdorf & Co., (Minn.)	597
McKay S. M. Association	102

Singer Machines Sold on Note or Lease Plan, and Liberal Discount made for cash.
General Office for Oregon and W. T., First and Yamhill streets, Portland, Or.

FOR SALE,
A SEA I PROPELLER YACHT
AND A
STEAM LAUNCH.
THE YACHT IS 63 FEET LONG, 12 FT. BEAM, 5 feet deep, draws 5 feet, oak frame above, plank run entire length, no butts; double engines 8x10, burns either coal or wood; is very economical in fuel; has two cabins, a kitchen, pantry, &c; will carry 50 passengers, tow a vessel of 150 tons, is a good sea boat and is well found generally.
The LAUNCH is 26 feet long, 8½ feet beam, 3½ feet deep, draws 2½ feet; upright boiler 40 inches in diameter, 5 feet high; is built of the best materials, white oak frame steamed and bent; burns either wood or coal, steams easily, is buoyant, carries well, and would do good service in the Fishing business.
Both Boats will be sold low. For further particulars enquire of E. MARTIN & CO., 95 Front street, Portland, Oregon. m23d6t

NATHAN'S
New & Second-hand Furniture
STORE,
Corner Front and Columbia Streets,
A LARGE ASSORTMENT ALWAYS ON HAND. Also,
CROCKERY, STOVES AND TIN WARE,
FOR SALE,
1 Fine BAROUCHE, almost new; will be sold for one half its cost.
2 PHAETONS.
A lot of New and Second hand BUGGIES and WAGONS.
Also, HORSES and HARNESS.

Eastern and Shoalwater Bay Oysters,
IN EVERY STYLE,
AT
ALISKY & HEGELE'S
Premium Candy Factory,
No. 105 FIRST STREET.

New Goods Just Received.
PERKINS' NEW LIGHT PATTERN, HORSE SHOES, Also,
AMATEUR SCROLL SAWS,
And Extra Blades, Patterns, and Designs.
m23d&wlm NORTHRUP & THOMPSON.

JOHN L. GEORGE,
Cutler and Surgical Instrument Maker.
All Cutlery sold by me, warranted.
JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.
First Street, bet. Salmon and Main,
PORTLAND, OREGON.

DRY GOODS.
ON WEDNESDAY,
MARCH 21st,
WE WILL OPEN
OUR NEW STORE
WITH A
SPLENDID SELECTION
OF
New and Seasonable
DRY GOODS,
FRESH FROM
New York and San Francisco.
These Goods have been purchased from the very best Houses, at the very LOWEST RATES, and we are determined to offer them at prices that will secure their
SPEEDY DISPOSAL.
Our Stock will consist partly of
Black Silks, of the Cashmire finish.
Colored Silks, Shawls,
Dress Goods in great variety.
Black Cashmeres of the choicest make and finish.
Colored Cashmeres, in new cloth shades, with Silk to match.
English, French and American Prints.
Ladies' and Children's Hosiery.
Ladies' Underwear.
Linen Cambric Handkerchiefs,
Neck Ties, Fans,
Ruching, in endless quantity.
Quilts, Blankets, Domestics
Table Damasks, Napkins,
Sheetings,
MEN'S UNDERWEAR,
White Shirts, Socks, &c.
In many lines of Goods we have Specialties in regard to price and style to which we shall again direct attention.
The inducements we offer to the public are
FRESH STOCK
And plenty of it; a straightforward method of conducting our business, in which no misrepresentation will be tolerated; polite attention to customers, and
PRICES THAT CANNOT BE UNDERSOLD!
Whatever anticipations may at any time be raised by our advertisements shall at all times be strictly fulfilled.
GILMAN & IRVIN,
FIRST STREET,
BETWEEN WASHINGTON and ALDER.

WANTS.
FARM.
A FARMER RECENTLY ARRIVED, WISHES to rent a FARM. Answers, stating terms, location, size of farm, amount of arable land, etc., direct to "FARMER," care of Messrs. T. Cunningham & Co., Portland. m18d2w

WANTED.
PARTIES HAVING HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE to sell, will find it to their interest to address Lock Box 467 P. O., Portland.

AGENTS. 12 ELEGANT OIL CHROMOS, size 9x11, by mail post-paid for $1.00. Send address for illustrated Catalogue. F. MUNSON, Jun'r, 124 Post street, San Francisco. 312Mawly

TO LET.
To Let, STORE ROOM NO. 104 THIRD ST., is 80 feet deep, and a good stand for city trade. Also the 12 Rooms over Store, Nos. 105 and 107, each room, or suit, has marble basin and water. If desired the party renting Store could have the rooms overhead for dwelling. Rent moderate. Inquire of JOHN WILSON, 107 Third street.

TO RENT.
A SALOON, OR FOR ANY OTHER PURPOSE, a good Building containing five rooms, and a stable and wagon house attached, in a good and improving neighborhood. Rent only twenty-five dollars per month. Apply to MR. HERSEY, Aurora Restaurant Front and Alder sts.

ROOMS FOR RENT.
FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED, WITH OR without board, with privilege of bath included. Inquire at Park row, Washington street, No. 2. fe27d1m

TO RENT.
FIRST CLASS ROOMS TO RENT BY THE DAY or week, with the accommodation of the Parlors. Cor. Front and Ash sts.

FOR RENT.
THE "EAST PORTLAND HOTEL," ON THE Avenue, East Portland. Also the building formerly used for the S. R. Hospital, on the bluff above the depot grounds, East Portland; can be made a commodious Boarding House and is now a comfortable dwelling. Apply at corner Fourth and Stark streets, Portland. m1702w

FOR SALE.
FOR SALE,
A CENTRALLY LOCATED SALOON FOR SALE street, doing a good business, at a bargain. Enquire at East Portland Brewery Depot, under Oro Fino Hall.

A SOLAR COMPASS,
IN WORKING ORDER AND GOOD REPAIR, for sale cheap and on easy terms. Address "BURT," care Oregonian office. m224tf

FOR SALE OR RENT.
A PIECE OF LAND SITUATED FIVE MILES from Portland, on a good road, containing 16 acres, 20 acres of which is Beaverdam; in the finest cultivation for gardening purposes, and would make a good Milk and Butter Ranch. Terms easy. Inquire of W. BARNES, Central Market Restaurant. mh20tf

FOR SALE,
IN WHOLE OR IN PARTS, A TRACT OF 250 acres, including the Wincoski Landing and surrounding warehouse, on the west side of the Willamette, half way from Portland to Salem. Address, MOSES BRUTSCHER, Newberg, Yamhill county, or see him at his residence, near the Landing. mh10d1m

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE,
HOMESTEAD FOR SALE, OR IN EXCHANGE for City Property. Two Acres, a good House, Orchard and other improvements, situate on rising ground, in a healthy location, close to Portland, on the south. Apply to X. Y., Postoffice Box 784, Portland, Oregon. m8d1m

FISHING BOAT FOR SALE.
LENGTH, 26ft.; BEAM, 6ft. 6in.; DEPTH, 2ft. 5in. Oak Frames and Spruce Plank. Apply to FRANCIS BERRY, E. street, between Park and Eighth. m3d2w

FOR SALE.
4000 BUSHELS OF THE BEST CHARcoal, which I will sell at the lowest market price. The coal will be delivered or sold on the premises. Address or call on P. WOLFF, St. John's, or C. M. ROHR, Franklin, Market st. P.S.—WOOD FOR SALE, delivered anywhere along the river. fe28d1m

FOR SALE.
THE FURNITURE AND BUSINESS OF THE St. Charles Hotel, Albany, Oregon. Reason for selling, poor health. Apply to J. C. MORRISON, Albany, Ogn.

PROPERTY FOR SALE.
IN LEWIS COUNTY, W. T., ONE STORE BUILDing, Lot and Stock of Goods, Hay Shed and Stock in Warehouse, at Chehalis Station, Northern Pacific R. R., County Seat of Lewis county. 320 acres of good Wild Bottom Land on Cowlitz river, very light growth of timber. 30 acres of and 2½ miles north of Chehalis Station. For particulars and terms enquire of L. GOLDEN, 74 & 76, Portland, Ogn, or GEO. HOGUE, Claquato, Lewis Co., W. T.

ASTORIA REAL ESTATE
FOR SALE.
TWO LOTS, VERY ELIGIBLY AND CENTRALly located. Has a good house and other improvements on them.
Terms—One third cash, balance left on mortgage to suit purchaser.
For further particulars address
E. C. HOLDEN,
Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent, Astoria, Or.
March 17, 1877. m17d1m

FOR SALE.
One of the Best Bargains ever Offered in Oregon.
A SPLENDID SHEEP AND GOAT RANCH, consisting of 1,272 acres of land, most of which is good grazing land. It is well watered, by several living springs; 50 acres of the farm is improved or meadow lands; the balance hill and pasture lands. On the ranch there are three good houses, Barns, Sheep-Sheds, &c. There is about three acres of good Orchard; 25 acres of choice Beaver dam land.
This valuable property for sale at $1 per acre, if disposed of soon; time given upon part of purchase price if buyer desires. This ranch is about 25 miles from Portland. Apply to
ATKINSON & WAKEFIELD,
mh6d1m Portland, Oregon.

SAN JUAN COUNTY, W. T.
Farms and Sheep Runs
FOR SALE OR LEASE.
THE UNDERSIGNED IS AGENT FOR THE Sale or Lease of several valuable FARMS and SHEEP RUNS, situated on San Juan and Orcas Islands. Address
E. D. WARBASS,
ja14d1m San Juan Island, W. T.

S. L. N. GILMAN. J. R. N. IRVIN.
GILMAN & IRVIN,
Auctioneers and Commission MERCHANTS,
Corner Front and Oak Streets, Portland.
Regular Sales of Real Estate, Furniture and General Merchandise, TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS at 10 o'clock A. M.
A large assortment of Groceries, Furniture and Merchandise on hand at private sale.
Agents for Geo. Hughes' Fireworks.
Cash advances made upon Consignments.
Will purchase the Furniture of parties declining housekeeping.

Just Received
Ex ship "Dovenby," from Honolulu.
185 kegs UNION MILLS No. 1.
100 " " " " 2.
75 " T. HUGHES No. 1.
50 " T. HUGHES No. 1 A.
50 bbls. MOLASSES.
4000 lbs. RICE, A. 1.
50 bags COFFEE.
For sale in lots to suit, by
GILMAN & IRVIN,
Corner Front and Oak streets, Portland.

NEW FIRM.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT WE HAVE this day sold to WADHAMS & ELLIOTT our Stock and good will as Wholesale Grocers, Forwarding and Commission Merchants in Portland, Oregon, and cordially recommend them to the trade.
W. K. LEVERIDGE & CO.
Portland, Ogn, March 19, 1877.

Referring to the above, the undersigned give notice that they have entered into a co-partnership under the firm name of WADHAMS & ELLIOTT, and will continue the business as Wholesale Grocers, Forwarding and Commission Merchants at the old stand, 38 and 39 Front street, and hope that the new firm may be favored with the patronage so liberally bestowed upon the old firm of Leveridge, Wadhams & Co. and also W. K. Leveridge & Co.
WM. WADHAMS,
H. A. ELLIOTT.
Portland, Ogn, March 19, 1877. m21d&wlm

NOTICE OF DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT THE COpartnership heretofore existing between the undersigned in a General Merchandising Business at Lewiston, Idaho Territory, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. All debts and liabilities of the late firm of Baxter & Alexander have been assumed by and will be paid by Joseph Alexander. All accounts and bills receivable of said firm subsequent to August 1st, 1874, have been purchased by and will be collected by said Alexander.
M. HEXTER.
J. ALEXANDER.
March 22, 1877. m24d1w

The Daily Oregonian.

TUESDAY MORNING, MARCH 27, 1877.

CITY.

DEATH OF HON. R. W. WILSON.—After a lingering illness, at his home in Tillamook, R. W. Wilson departed this life last Monday. Yesterday the remains of one of the most honored and respected citizens of [illegible] by the westside train in charge of Mr. Wilson, a son of the deceased. The remains were met at the Clarendon Hotel until the arrival of the 2:30 P. M. train, when it was conveyed to Salem by the express train, for interment in the Odd Fellows' cemetery. Deceased was a member of the Masonic fraternity, and the remains were escorted from the hotel to the westside depot yesterday by a large deputation of the members of that order from several lodges in this city. At the time of his death Mr. Wilson was 63 years of age. He had the honor of being a Tillamook county in the last legislature. In all the relations of life deceased was an honored and upright citizen, and his death will be sincerely regretted.

TAXPAYERS AND QUALIFIED.—We very cheerfully publish the following note from a lady reader:

In your paragraph in this morning's Oregonian, relative to the 'qualifications of voters,' at the coming school election, you neglect to publish the following section from the constitution of Oregon, which immediately follows that given for the enlightenment of voters: 'Women who are widows and have children subject to their care, and have taxable property in the district, and who have resided in the district ten days as aforesaid, shall be entitled to vote at such school election.' As your paper is looked to for correct information upon the subject by a large class of readers, and being convinced that you would knowingly do injustice to any one class, I have ventured to call your attention to the above omission, and take the proper correction be made in your paper.

DURANCE VILE.—A man named Harry Hall entered the store of Mr. C. H. Mason on Front street, last Saturday night, when not observed picked up two fine hats and left. The theft was soon discovered, and almost as soon as missed, Hall was arrested with the hats, thereby saving the loss of being stolen property, and obviating the necessity to find no purchasers. A little investigation in the case revealed the true inwardness of Schafer's action. Mr. Mesmerizer, Hall's arrest forthwith, Mr. Schafer was brought before Judge Adams yesterday morning, and sent to the county jail 30 days for his spring ways. Nothing like energy, even in crime.

ARRIVAL.—Dr. S. Parker, of East Portland, has just received from Cal. Mission, A. of Arequipa, Peru, formerly a resident of this place, a package of rare laurel, which arrived from Callao, under date of [illegible], says: flouring mill at this place was entered Friday night, also the railroad office. Entrance was effected by opening the back door with a jimmy. They were not successful in the way of being stolen property, and obtained no purchasers. A little investigation in the case revealed the true inwardness of Schafer's action. Mr. Mesmerizer, Hall's arrest forthwith, Mr. Schafer was brought before Judge Adams yesterday morning, and sent to the county jail 30 days for his spring ways. Nothing like energy, even in crime.

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AUCTION AND
OSCAR KIL
AUCTION AND COMM
Corner First and
Regular Sale Days,
Saturdays.
WILL PURCHASE AND SELL
Merchandise, Furniture,
A general assortment of
sale.

INSURE
North British and
Fire Insur
OF LONDON AND
CAPITAL
Reserve and Surplus
Jan. 1st, 1876
Total
Premiums Receipts, 1876
Losses Paid in United
8 years,
EDWARD HAL
Attorney

OREGON
HOME
Fire Insuran
Capital,
Assets,
Income, 1875,
Losses paid since

HAMILTON
MANA
78 First Street,

INSURANCE
FIRE AND
Capital, (PAID UP
GOLD
Assets, exceed
BRANCH OFFICE
First National Bank
W. S.

THE
Investment
COMPA
OF SAN FRA
FIRE AND
Incorporated
Cash Assets,
OFFICE
PETER DONAHUE,
CHARLES
This Company has no
surance over Alaska
the Lowest Cash
acceptable to any
Agents for the above
Agents for the Pioneer
and Mutual Life
A. P. HA
General Agents for

E. J. JAN
IMPORTE
Commission
AGENTS FOR
OFFICE
Corner Front and
Portland, Oregon.

TRUMAN'S ALE,
HOLLWAY'S
IND COOPER & CO'S ALE,
Imperial, Welch & Co's ALE
pints and quarts.
Guinness' STOUT, pints,
RED CASK GIN, (Schiedam)
Hennessy, Martell and
BRANDY, in cases
Boorah and Rock
Bulk.
DRY F. WATER CRYSTAL
plain and quarts.
The Finest SHERRY
poured to this
perior.
CURRY POWDER and
SAUCES.
SALAD and COD LIVER
EPSOM SALTS and
SODA.
SAGO and TAPIOCA.
COOKING UTENSILS, in
HARROWS.
PIANOS.
PAINTS and VARNISHES
CHLORIDE OF LIME
WHITE and OAT SACKS
Scouring and Keeping

$10 Each of 11 & 15 H.
Best Eastern
FOR SALE LOW
Shelf and Builder's
MECHANICS'
&c., &c., &c.
JOHN R. FO
OF FRONT STREET,

JACOB STRAUSS
Standard Cal.
Delaney's Wire
TWO DIFFERENT
Price from Cost
Tables sold on easy terms on
See Tables at Sternke & Fenn's
holm's Fountain Saloon.
BILLIARD
At San Francisco
For further information apply
C. A. H
mrld2m Agent

WAKELEE
BAITE for SL
THE MOST RELIABLE AR
destruction of parasites
and for the prevention and cure
etc., etc.
FOR SALE BY
T. A. DAVIS &
71 Front street,
fe9d2m

CALVERT'S
SLEEP
After Ch
Infants,
Colds, and
Coughs, Whoo
Sore Throat
Use Calvert's
TRADE MARK
NOTICE.
WE, WM. R. GIBSON
sign our firm name
Portland, 25th January,

COMMON COUNCIL.

SPECIAL MEETING, MARCH 26, 1877.

Last evening a special meeting of the Common Council was held at the Chamber.

His Honor Mayor Chapman in the chair. W. S. Caldwell, auditor and clerk, and Chief Lappeus in attendance.

Members present—Councilmen Andrus, Blumauer, Corbett, Harrington, Lambert, Skidmore, Stemme, Stephens and Wiley.

Minutes of the last regular meeting read and approved.

PRINTING ORDINANCE VETOED.

The following communication from the Mayor was read:

To the Honorable the Common Council: I herewith return without my approval an ordinance passed by the Common Council on the 21st inst., authorizing and directing the committee on accounts and current expenses to contract with the *Daily Evening Standard* for the publication of ordinances etc., required by law, at rates set forth in the proposal made by the managers of that paper.

Approval is withheld for the reason that the *Standard's* bid is much higher than the rates submitted by another paper. At the rates proposed in the lower bid there would be a saving to the city of some hundreds of dollars, which is an item to the taxpayers worth considering. Respectfully,

J. A. CHAPMAN, Mayor.

PORTLAND, March 26, 1877.

THE VOTE

Was then taken on the question "Shall the ordinance as read now pass?" The following is the result: Yeas, Blumauer, Harrington, Stephens, Wiley—4. Nays, Andrus, Corbett, Lambert, Skidmore, Stemme—5. Failing to receive the required majority, the ordinance was lost.

CLAIMS.

The following claims against the city were audited and ordered paid: A. G. Walling, $21 50; Sorensen & Taylor, $40.

ORDINANCES.

From the committee on streets—An ordinance declaring the probable cost and making an appropriation for the improvement of the intersection of First and Montgomery streets; read three times and passed.

By Councilman Lambert—An ordinance authorizing the contract for advertising; read twice and laid over under the rules.

From the committee on streets—An ordinance providing for the time and manner of improving Hall street, from Front to Sixth; passed.

From the same committee—An ordinance to change and establish certain grades on Stark street; passed.

From the same committee—An ordinance providing for the time and manner of improving Stark street, from Fourth to Sixth; passed.

From committee on ways and means, an ordinance to make an appropriation out of the general fund to pay interest on bonds; passed.

The ordinances authorizing the improvement of public grounds and property adjacent thereto, read second time and laid over.

RESOLUTIONS.

The following resolution was offered by the committee on streets, which was adopted:

Resolved, That notice be given that the Common Council of Portland propose to improve Hall street from the center line of Seventh street to the west line of Eighth street, by grading, laying sidewalks and crosswalks where necessary, and constructing plank gutters on the south side of the street, with box gutters on intersections.

Council man Wiley offered the following resolution:

Resolved, That the committee on accounts and current expenses be and are hereby authorized to advertise for and receive proposals from the DAILY OREGONIAN and *Daily Evening Standard* for city printing during the ensuing year, and that the committee report to the Common Council by ordinance

The yeas and nays being called, the vote stood as follows: Yeas—Andrus, Blumauer, Corbett, Harrington, Stemme, Stephens, Wiley—7. Nays—Lambert, Skidmore—2.

On motion the Council adjourned.

PERSONAL.

Capt. N. B. Humphrey, of Albany, is in the city.

Ex-Congressman L. F. Lane has arrived at his home.

Ex-Senator Kelly is now en route for the land of Webfoot.

We acknowledge a call yesterday from Gen. M. V. Brown, of Albany.

Chaplain Collins of Vancouver favored us with a pleasant call yesterday.

Jas. H. Fisk arrived at San Francisco from the East last Wednesday, 21st inst.

Last week we understand that Dr. J. W. Watts started for his home in Oregon.

Owing to constantly failing health, Rev. D. Pierce has resigned the pastorship of the First Baptist church.

Judge Shattuck of the supreme court, will be a passenger on the outgoing steamer for the East. He will be absent several months.

It is said that Mr. Henry Villard, President of the O. & O. and O. R. R. and O. S. S. Companies, expects to return to Oregon soon.

Calvin J. McDonald, not unknown to Oregon journalism, is at present editorially connected with a paper published in Oakland called *Once a Week*.

THE COURTS.

U. S. CIRCUIT COURT—DEADY, J.

MONDAY, March 26, 1877.

T. D. Witherell vs C. M. Wiberg; hearing on motion to strike out part of answer set for to-morrow at 10 o'clock A. M.

W. C. Wythe vs John H. Moores; cause dismissed and plaintiff has judgment against defendant for the costs.

Same vs same; same proceedings.

Same vs Rufus Mallory; same proceedings.

Same vs Elisha Strong; same proceedings.

Same vs L. S. Dyar; same proceedings.

Same vs J. D. McCurdy; same proceedings.

Same vs Ladd & Bush; same proceedings.

Same vs Viola Green; same proceedings.

Same vs A. Gilbert; upon stipulation, judgment for defendant that he is the owner in fee of the premises described in the complaint and entitled to the possession hereof and for costs.

Court adjourned until to-morrow.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT—DEADY, J.

Grand jury called.

Clothing! Clothing! Clothing! new Spring stock, just received, at Kohn's, cor. First and Morrison streets.

No more "Umo," ditto, Jubilees, but Fabre is "doing the grand" at the Chateau Versailles.

The latest styles of ruchings and plated ribbon, at Mrs. Charles Tichnor's, First street.

For ladies' corsets at low prices go to the Emporium of Fashion.

Just received, latest styles Diagonal and Fancy Cassimere Suits, at Kohn's Clothing Palace, which he is selling at greatly reduced prices.

Worsted reduced to 15 cts per ounce, at Mrs. Charles Tichnor's, First street.

Masquerade suits and trimmings, at J. Harris & Son's.

Blue glass is said to cause the enlarging of things of an animated nature. That is all well enough in its way, but no person need worry over the lack of funds when it is known that Beck & Waldman offer goods at remarkably low prices.

Broadway candies and gold fish at S. L. Stone's.

Birmingham, the practical upholster, 156 First street, attends to the upholstering of parlor suits, lounges, easy chairs, etc., in the *very latest* styles. Bed lounges, spring, curled hair and moss mattresses, in fact everything pertaining to the business made to order and repaired at the *very lowest prices for first class work*. Satisfaction guaranteed in every particular or no charge.

Spring has come and everything is lovely. *When you are hungry go to Barnes'.*

Two button kid gloves or gauntlets for $1 at Mrs. Charles Tichnor's, First street.

Mrs. B. A. Owens, M.D., Office and residence, east side First street, between Yamhill and Taylor. Special attention given to Women and Children complaints. Also gives Medicated Vapor Baths, combined with Electricity, in treating Rheumatism and Chronic Diseases.

CORN REMEDY.

Dr. Halpruner's Patent Salve, for the cure of Corns, Bunions, &c., is for sale by all druggists.

CAPITAL NOTES.

A number of Salemites are passengers on the incoming steamer.

Miss Annie Handley has gone to San Francisco on a business trip.

Sol Durbin and family have returned to their ranche in Eastern Oregon.

O. B. Johnson, Esq., is in the city, having in view the organization of a new society.

F. E. Lamb, of the W. U. T. Co., is in the city, with headquarters at the Chemeketa Hotel.

Wiley B. Allen is building a new house on the west end of a lot formerly owned by H. B. Middaugh, Esq.

The weather continues decidedly unpleasant—rain and storm predominating—preventing thus far any work in the gardens.

Owing to the indisposition of Rev. P. S. Knight, there were no services at the Congregational church last evening.

The Capital Guards have rented the room *formerly occupied by the* State Library as an armory and are fitting up the same.

I learn that Ben Hayden, Esq., is negotiating for the purchase of D. H. Murphy's residence, with the intention of moving his family into town.

John D. Jordan, superintendent of the White Bull mine on the Santiam, will move his family up there with the intention of staying right with the new enterprise.

The new clothing emporium to be opened on Commercial street, about the first of the ensuing month, promises to be the finest furnished establishment in the State outside of the metropolis.

Rev. C. V. Anthony, of your city, has consented to deliver his lecture on "First Impressions of the Sandwich Islands" for the benefit of the M. E. Church of this city on Friday evening, April 6, 1877. It is already exciting considerable comment in literary circles.

The Salem minstrels are billed to appear at Reed's opera house to-morrow (Tuesday) evening. Their programmes already published are attractive indeed, embracing many gems in the "burnt cork" line, while the boys who participate therein are well up in their business, including two or more professionals.

The young ladies' industrial society of the Congregational Church are making extensive preparation for their fair on Friday evening next, having provided enough fancy articles to impoverish the entire community of gallant gentlemen, should they by their winsome manners and enticing allurements succeed in disposing of them at the customary fancy prices.

The diphtheria, which we all had hoped had entirely abated, has, we regret to say, reappeared. Mr. and Mrs. S. N. Gillingham lost their daughter Gracie Thursday last. She was a lovable child, about two years of age—a pet of all who knew her. She was buried Friday last. Two other children in the same family are also down with the disease, but are in a fair way for recovery.

Rev. H. P. Peck last evening delivered at the Presbyterian Church another of the series of lectures wherein he endeavors to prove that the records of Holy Writ are now more worthy of our confidence and belief than are the teachings of geology. His reasonings and thoughts thereon certainly possess, in most instances, originality of conception and uniqueness of expression. He indulged in more or less facetiousness and deals at times telling blows at modern fallacies. The discourses are evidently the result of deep research and a thorough knowledge of the subject under discussion, and the church edifice is generally crowded, so popular has become the speaker and so certain is the public of being interested as well.

NOTES FROM ALBANY.

Our regular correspondent, sends the following items under date of 26th inst:

The weather warm and pleasant.

Fall wheat is looking well in this county.

The son of late Delazon Smith married last week.

Teachers' County Institute at Junction City this week.

Mr. Yanny is putting up a business house on Second street.

The rains have been upon us for the past three days, though pleasant again.

Prof. Emory, of Corvallis, preached in the Methodist Church South on Sabbath.

The College entertainment at the Opera House last Friday evening was a success.

Rev. Mr. Bowersox, of this place, is now on a tour in California, and will be absent some weeks.

The St. Charles Hotel was closed for a few days last week, but is now in good working order again.

The examination of school teachers will take place Friday next, before the county superintendent.

In the absence of Rev. Stratton, Dr. Hill (Baptist) fills his pulpit, morning and evening, on Sabbath last.

Mrs. George, of this city, expects to visit her brother at Colfax, east of the mountains, soon, where she will remain for some time.

Prof. Henderson, of Portland, will hold an entertainment at the Albany Collegiate Institute on Friday, the 6th of April. His specialty is the subject of elocution.

Dr. Rice delivered a lecture to the students of the Albany Collegiate Institute on Friday last, on the subject of "hygiene," and the effort was highly complimented.

Dr. O. P. S. Plummer, of this place, will deliver a lecture Friday evening next at P. M., at the Albany Collegiate Institute, on the subject of galvanic electricity," and will explain telegraphy by the aid of appropriate apparatus. The Doctor is one of our best talkers, and is perfectly at home on this subject, as he has been superintendent of the Oregon telegraph lines for years.

For good kid gauntlets at $1 a pair, go to the Emporium of Fashion.

Come and see the beautiful paintings representing scenery of Colorado's High Park, in Volney's Art Gallery, corner Third and Morrison.

Just received from New York, samples of the new style Linen suits. In 30 days I will have 75 suits to select from.—Mrs. Warner.

We sell S. H. Kennedy's Hemlock Sheep Dip. The best and cheapest dip known, and will send a valuable book to sheep owners *free* on application. J. McCRAKEN & CO., Portland, Oregon.

Cosmetic gloves for making the hands soft, white and beautiful; to be worn at night. Sent to any address on receipt of $2 50; mention size of glove usually worn. Ladies can have old gloves prepared for $1. Address Mrs. S. Ford, First street, next door to Oak, Portland.

Captains and pilots will note the fact that Peter Wilhelm has fitted up two rooms for their especial use at the Fountain, corner Ash and First streets. Number of English papers on file, including the London *Daily Shipping and Mercantile Gazette*.

The Medical Institute of Dr. W. L. Adams, corner of First and Salmon streets, will be removed to Hood river in a few months. Till then chronic diseases of men and women will be treated in Portland as usual. An accomplished lady assistant to give baths to ladies and assist in their treatment always in the office.

DR. HALPRUNER

Has removed his office to his residence, Eighth and Market streets. Persons can have their feet treated at their residence or hotel, by dropping a postal card, or leaving word at C. H. Woodard's drug store, or at the clothing store of Mr. J. Kohn.

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a receipt that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. JOSEPH T. INMAN, *Station D, 10th e House, New York City.*

Remember This.

Now is the time of year for Pneumonia, Lung Fever, Coughs, Colds and fatal results of predisposition to Consumption and other Throat and Lung Disease. BOSCHEE'S GERMAN SYRUP has been used in this neighborhood for the past two or three years without a single failure to cure. If you have not used this medicine yourself, go to your Druggist and ask him of its wonderful success among customers. Three doses will relieve the worst case. If you have no faith in any medicine, just buy a Sample Bottle of BOSCHEE'S GERMAN SYRUP for 10 cents and try it. Regular size bottle 75 cents. Don't neglect a cough to save 75 cents. Agents, Crane & Brigham, Wholesale Druggists, San Francisco.

NOTES FROM THE DALLES.

A correspondent from The Dalles sends us the following items of news under date of March 26th:

The thrifty husbandmen are all planting gardens in this community.

Two days of constant rain has again put our streets in a very muddy condition.

Dr. P. Creig, who has been confined to his bed for the past week is convalescent.

Jackson & Andrews shipped on Friday last 25 head of beef cattle for the Port and market.

Hon. O. S. Savage with a large force of painters, is rushing the work upon the new steamer as fast as possible.

A train of seven immigrant wagons passed through our city on Friday last seeking farms in the interior of our county.

Hon. L. L. Rowland is making this city a short visit, looking after school matters, and is the guest of Col. James Fulton.

A fire alarm on Thursday evening brought out our fire department. A burning flue in Wagoner's fruit store. No damage.

The arrival of 100 passengers on Friday's steamer, from Portland, gave our streets a decided metropolitan appearance for a short time.

Mr. John Holland informs me that the cabin from the old steamer *Yakima* will be moved over on the new hull during the coming week.

Mr. J. H. Delany passed through here last Friday with a full blooded Norman horse, weighing 1,700 pounds, for Camp Harney in Grant county.

Our base ball club almost daily is out for practice, and I learn it is the intention of the club to try for the championship of the State the coming season.

Several of our young men propose starting for the Black Hills in a week or two. I will be prepared to give you the loss of their scalps as soon as it reaches their friends in this city.

Our efficient road supervisor, Mr. E. L. Grimes, with a force of men is again working our streets. Their general improvements since his appointment testifies we have got the right man in the right place.

The O. S. N. Co.'s machine shop in this city, Mr. James Smith superintendent, is working a large force of men at present upon the machinery for the new steamers *Mountain Queen, Yakima*, and the locomotive Bradford of the D. & C. R. R.

Mr. S. Lafrance, clerk and bookkeeper for Messrs. E. Wingate & Co. in this city, left on Monday's boat for his farm at Hood river, where he intends to remain during the summer. Mr. Lafrance's fine musical ability has made him a favorite in this community and his departure is a regret to all.

Peralta, the Spanish rider outdone: An Indian from the Simcoe reservation in W. T., arrived in our city on Saturday evening last, having rode the entire distance of 165 miles, over a mountainous country, in nine hours, using but three horses the entire trip, on important business for the agency.

Our school election for one clerk and director for this district, takes place the first Monday in April. Mr. E. B. McFarland, the present clerk, is spoken of as a candidate for re-election. Mr. McFarland has made the best clerk the district has ever had, and it will certainly be to the interest of the community to keep him in the position.

Mr. John Ashcraft of this city, completed the making of a garden seed planter on Wednesday last, which he intends to patent. It is conceded by judges to be superior to anything of the kind ever before invented or that our lose. Mr. Ashcraft is the gentleman who invented the pruning knife which got the first honors at the Centennial.

Mr. William Floyd informs me that on Thursday last, while returning from John Day's River, he met with an accident which came very near terminating with the loss of his life. In attempting to alight from his horse the animal took fright and started to run, catching his left foot fast in the stirrup, throwing him upon his back and dragging him some half mile or more across the prairie. By almost superhuman effort he managed to get loose, and thus saved his life.

FOUR LAKES.

FOUR LAKES, March 16, 1877.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

Allow me, through the columns of your paper, to say a word to my friends (and others), who contemplate coming to this upper country to settle down. I came east of the Cascades from Webfoot the last of November last, and since that time I have pretty thoroughly prospected the whole country on both sides of the Snake river, and I find a large amount of good farming country on either side of Snake that is yet open for settlement. But after seeing it all, I have taken my choice and located in the vicinity of the "Four Lakes," about twelve miles from the Spokane Falls. At these falls is said to be the finest water privileges on the Pacific coast. Although we are some distance from market at present, we anticipate having a market right at home at no very distant date. We are immediately on the located route of the Northern Pacific railway, and I am well convinced that if the N. P. Co. does not some other company *will* go to work and put the road through now with in a few years. But enough about the road, or to leave it out of the question, we have the best country that I have seen for a poor man to get a home and grow up with the country. Timber is handy to get at and plenty of it. There are portions of the country that are unsuitable for farming, which will make it always a good stock range, both for cattle and horses, and it is undoubtedly the best hog range that I have ever seen. Yet there is a good deal of good farming land all over the country, and it will raise a large yield of anything that is put in it. I would here mention that one of these lakes, known as "Borax Lake," is said to possess some very great medicinal properties in its water, which is used for different purposes. I was told of a number of cases of chronic rheumatism which had been effectually cured by merely bathing in this lake, which would make it very valuable, just for that one if for nothing else. But when tried, I think it will be found to be good for a great many other purposes; but it is but very little known as yet. There are also splendid chances for settlers near Pine Grove and on Hanguan's Creek and Pine Creek. There is a large scope of good rich farming country with plenty of timber handy.

And now, when I take a view of all the great advantages this country has over that of Webfoot for a poor man to get a home, it is really astonishing to think of the numbers that are living on rented land, working for some one else, or grubbing away at some little spot on the side of a hill among the stumps, when there is so much good land here that is a ready cleared and waiting for the plow.

T. J. Mc.

While the U. S. Dispensatory says that whisky when prescribed should not be less than 2 years old Noble Whisky is never sold until 5 years after distillation, which explains its general use in medical practice.—*Health Journal.*

Portland Steam Scouring Mills Scour and renap Blankets; scour and replace Mattresses; scour Fly and Ingrain Carpets; Brussels Carpets threshed, cleansed and spots removed. Leave orders at Weeks & Morgan's and Powers' Furniture Store.

FINNEN'S HAVANA CIGAR STORE,

Opposite Strowbridge's Block, has on hand and for sale a large assortment of fine Cigars, Chewing and Smoking Tobacco, the best, cheapest and largest assortment in the city. Call, judge for yourself, and be convinced that I give more satisfaction for your money than any other retail store here.

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Pure Drugs, Chemicals and Medicines.

NOTICE.

The undersigned in taking leave of Portland returns his sincere thanks for the liberal patronage that has been bestowed, and would bespeak for his successors a continuance of the same.

Both DRS. BARBER & NICKLIN, are gentlemen in every way competent and worthy of any confidence that may be placed in them, and as such I can conscientiously recommend them to my former friends and patrons. J. H. HATCH.

CHAS. E. BRAY,

Professor of Music,

Teacher of the Piano, Violin, Guitar and Cornet.

Leave orders at SHERMAN & HYDE'S, or at residence, cor. Fourth and Morrison streets.

In view of the genuine action of school officers, it would do well for every one interested in the cause of schools to examine the condition of the schools under their present management and contrast it with their condition in the past. Any one, after tracing their development from the chaos of a few years ago to their present orderly and well regulated system, ought to feel and be willing to acknowledge that much patient, earnest labor has been expended, and that the ones that performed it must have had the good of the schools at heart. Of course it may be remarked that they are well paid, and so far as the teachers and superintendent are concerned they are; so were their predecessors. But it is obvious that the schools have improved much more rapidly under their present supervision than at any previous period. In saying this I have no desire to cast reflections on the former managers or teachers of the schools. Many of the teachers were hard workers, and earned their money as fully as the teachers of the present day; but through the want of system that pervaded our schools much of their labor was wasted. Following are some of the faults that characterized the schools till recently: Pupils were allowed to pass to higher studies before they were through in what they had been studying. Another crying evil was the irregularity of attendance. Every friend of our schools rejoices to know that the evil has been constantly diminishing under the present managers. The teachers hardly knew what amount of labor was expected of them. School property was not properly taken care of. Go through the schools to day and observe the air of neatness and comfort that pervades the buildings and grounds, and the regularity with which the work proceeds. The work of each grade is assigned, and teacher and pupil have a definite idea of the work to be accomplished. Although the principals may not have any use for a "buck saw," yet there is surely nothing wrong in requiring them to protect the property under their charge and make slight repairs when necessary. I can think of no order that has been issued that was not for the direct benefit of the schools. While the main attack upon Mr. Morgan seems to be on account of his having retained the city superintendent, there is every reason to believe that the parents in this city have not labored more assiduously for the benefit of their children than has the said superintendent. And to-day our schools compare favorably with those of our sister city—San Francisco—which have long been the boast of California. In reference to the "fifth wheel to the coach"—in most cities where they do not wish to bear the expense of keeping a principal for the express purpose of overseeing the management of each school they find it absolutely necessary to keeping a city superintendent. Certainly a principal who has the first grade to teach, and who has the discipline of the whole school to look after together with the work of inspecting the reports of all the teachers in the building, and making out the general reports, has little time to do anything more. Mr. Morgan has shown himself to be an upright and conscient ous man, and has acted with an eye single to the good of the school teachers as well as pupils. Teachers have been well sustained, and have been treated as ladies and gentlemen. The mere fact that "circumstances of an unpleasant nature" happened between Prof. Johnson and Mr. King does not tend to impair Morgan's usefulness as a director. J. W. Johnson and S. W. King are both human beings, and for aught known to the contrary, are both liable to err. As to the stove-blacking affair, it happened several years ago, and, we believe, before Mr. Morgan became a director. The fact seems to be that it was not a tax, but merely a subscription got up among the teachers for their mutual benefit. If Mr. King made threats about having the salaries of teachers reduced, why did they not report the same to the directors? The directors certainly knew of no such threats being made. Doubtless the upshot of the matter is, that some teacher was informed that another could better discharge her duties in the grade in which she was employed, it would be necessary to place her in a lower grade. This would cause a reduction in her wages. In what way is Mr. Morgan to blame for the refusal of Mr. Ainsworth to grant an "interview" "Voter" remarks that everything that happens rests on Mr. Morgan, by the fact of the other directors being incapacitated by "absence" and "press of business." If it is a fact that the people have elected two directors whom they know to be incapacitated, they should be doubly thankful to the remaining one who has never allowed business or any other consideration to interfere with his duties to the schools, and who has so safely conducted them through the financial difficulties under which they were laboring when he came into office. They should be willing to make a little allowance for him if he has made a few mistakes, when all his actions show that he is deeply interested in the schools and means all for the best. There is ample proof that the two teachers who failed in being "re-elected," failed through more substantial causes than "their opinion of the City Superintendent," as many parents in the city can testify. The fact that at least one of said teachers was a member of the church which Mr. Morgan attends, does not tend to confirm the belief in his partiality. Five of the present corps of teachers attend that church, and if correctly informed only one of them is a member, while at least ten of them attend the Congregational, and five the Presbyterian, and the others, different churches. The aim seems to have been to employ competent teachers, regardless of religion, politics or personal friendship. Any one who takes the trouble to enquire will find this to be the truth. Morgan has shown himself to be a friend of both teacher and pupil. But suppose a new director should be elected whose pressing business "engagements" or "absence" would "incapacitate" him for filling his duties, who then would maintain the schools at their present high standing? We agree that "faithful public services entitle a public servant to some remuneration," as large as possible or expected remuneration in his case in a clear conscience and the appreciation of honest endeavors, let us hope that the latter will not be diminished by unjust criticism.

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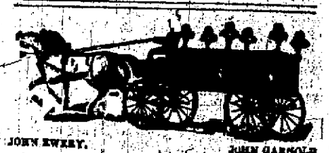

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NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

The Daily Optician.

TUESDAY MORNING, MARCH 27, 1877.

PACIFIC COAST NEWS.

CALIFORNIA.

San Francisco Stock Market.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 26.—Call Board—Sales—10 o'clock session—Alpha 15, Belcher 68, Confidence 7, Nevada 68, Utah 16, Bullion 15, Exchequer 51, Justice 5, Overman 65, Union 6, Julia 4 35, Caledonia 71, Dayton 50c, Knickerbocker 15c, Imperial 20c, New York 35c, Occidental 1 15, Hale & Norcross 84, Alta 1 60, Woodville 45c, Washington 2, Andes 1, N Con Va 70c, Trojan 8, Silver 5.

Evening Board.—B. & E. 13, En Con 172, Overman 1 00, Alpha 13, Patch 2 85, Leopard 44, Belcher 284, Panther 45c, Manhattan 74, Thomas 3, Crown Point 4 75, Mansfield 60c, N Cosc 4 60, Julia 4 10, Modoc 3 10, Con Va 42½, Justice 8, Nevada 68, Caledonia 68, Utah 16½, Belcher 68, B. & E 28½, Oph r 212, Point 8½, Overman 65, G. & C 122, Julia 4 30, Con Va 42½, Exchequer 51.

Killed by a Falling Derrick.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 26.—About 2:30 this afternoon [illegible] all which was being used [illegible] Fifteenth and Mission streets. The former was a carpenter [illegible] Baxter, who, though he was [illegible] removed to the receiving hospital [illegible] there. The other [illegible], a seaman, who escaped [illegible] the shoulder.

[illegible], March 26.—Rev. William [illegible] the revival meeting this evening, to a congregation of about [illegible].

Murder Will Out.

[illegible] had an interview this [illegible] Colby of Colby's Landing, who [illegible] arrived in this city from [illegible], to the utmost excitement in [illegible] the murder of the Chinese [illegible] the murderers. Mr. Colby [illegible] that they have ar[illegible] portion, as three of them who [illegible] without an opportunity to [illegible] arrest in their statements and [illegible] Colby connects in doubtful [illegible] manner, changes to the [illegible] is quite confident that they [illegible] of the Lamont Tribe, which [illegible] reported to the San Jo[illegible] about the middle of the [illegible] Mr. Colby says that an in[illegible] procession of the order would [illegible] pasture, sufficiently re[illegible] with some few exceptions. [illegible] some further arrests may [illegible] now or late directly im[illegible] outrage. Since the ar[illegible], which had been intense[illegible] no further troubles are [illegible].

Arrests Made.

[illegible] arrests have been [illegible] the murder of [illegible], three mining troughs [illegible] were brought in last [illegible] and every room of our [illegible] full occupied. Ex[illegible] ground the town hall [illegible] seemed to disturb the sup[illegible]. It turns out now that [illegible] the murder was eminently [illegible] and officers and a good many [illegible] people, not, however, [illegible] with the arrests. [illegible] with the appearance of the sheriff. [illegible] remained at home twenty-four [illegible] the appearance of the sheriff. [illegible] other facts have nearly satisfied [illegible] of his innocence. The author[illegible] to have some strong evidence in [illegible] but are reticent. Brothers of the [illegible] are at Santa Barbara attending [illegible], but are expected here to-day. [illegible] reward will be offered for the [illegible] of the assassins. Settlers in that [illegible] feel the disgrace cast upon their [illegible] terrible deed.

Funeral of T. W. Moore.

SACRAMENTO, March 26.—The body of T. W. Moore arrived in town yesterday from San Buenaventura, and was taken in charge on behalf of the family, by the Union Club, of which he was a member. The body has over [illegible] bullet-hole wounds in it, [illegible] and upper parts of the [illegible] are mutilated. The [illegible] morning at [illegible] o'clock [illegible] Union Club [illegible] Masonic [illegible] Cemetery [illegible] Masonic [illegible] Moore [illegible] Masonic [illegible] Moore [illegible] Masonic [illegible] Moore